# Practicing Reading Connections using "Reading Bubbles"

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### Instructions

- I use this presentation to help my students study for exams and to be a student-centered way of reviewing course material
- To construct the presentation, make "bubbles" for each of the assigned readings that you want to review, and copy the slide/image multiple times.
- Then draw lines or arrows between bubbles (between 2 or 3, and up to 4 bubbles)
- Break the students into small groups or pairs, and have them discuss the connections with each new slide.
- This activity should help students with "concept mapping," a crucial practice for expert-like behavior

- Gender wage gap in all occupations including "women's" jobs
- Women's occupational crowding
- Women 2x likely to work for poverty wages
  - The gender wage gap is affected by race

### Kimmel

- ◆ Sex vs gender
- Gender difference legitimizes inequality/ they reinforce each other
- Gender and privilege invisible for men
- Hegemonic masculinity and emphasized femininity
- "Gender" differences usually caused by something else
  - More similarities btw men and wom en then we allow ourselves to recognize

### Padavic & Reskin

- Types of sex inequality in the work place
- ⇒ Occ. Sex seg, glass ceiling, wage gap
- Potential explanations for sex inequality in the workplace
- ⇒ Ideologies, harassment, emp. Actions, human capital, socialization

### Blair-Loy

- Work devotion schema
- Family devotion schema
- Satisfaction with choices in each sample of women
- "Mavericks" who set up new arrangements

### Aguilar

- Ideal worker norm
- Work devotion
- Ideal worker norm no longer fits the labor force
- Flexibility stigma

### Parker-Pope

- Fathers starting to feel more and more work life conflict
- Men doing more housework, but still not as much as women
- Only women feel guilty about work life conflict

### Schilt

- FTMs are outsiders within, use to see male privilege in the workplace
- Refutes human capital/gender socialization theories
- Thee workplace is NOT gender neutral
  - Some FTMs don't experience privilege

### Barber

- Women do the emotion
  al labor
- Men who go to salons rather than barber shops—a professional class masculinity vs. working class masculinity

### Weeks

- Signs that the importance of gender is eroding
- Gender as 'high stakes' social constructions
- Things we can do to make society less gendered

### 1Mohammed & Fritzvold

- Connection between privilege and masculinity
- Drug dealing/thrills as a masculine behavior (risk)
- Gender composition of drug dealers on campus

### Ray & Rosow

- Both groups of men objectify women
- Both groups of men police each others' masculinity and sexual hook-ups
- Both groups of men benefit from masculine social status via the Greek system

- Sexual double standard/ sexual double bind for women
- Relationship imperative and self improvement imperative
- Class effects on women's sexuality

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